

LE DAFTAR – BOOK

2023



STUDIO VIR ANDRES HERA

VIRANDRESHERA.COM

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Publisher

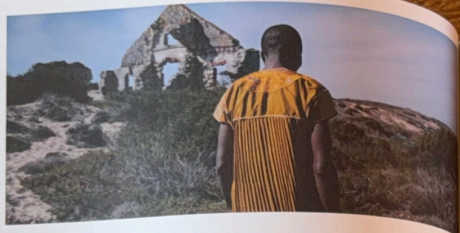
Chinampa

Le Daftar is an artist's book conceived in dialogue with the film project of the same name.

Developed with graphic designer Aurélien Potier and published through Chinampa, the book moves between still image, script, score, and typographic composition, extending the film into a printed sequence of cuts, refrains, and visual pauses.



ALL IMAGES: LE DAFTAR. ARTIST'S BOOK. COURTESY OF THE ARTIST. 2023



Léonce stands up takes a sip of his beer
Fabienne shakes her body as if something had passed
sur un mur noir, grisé, d'étincelles blanches
tout le monde court, monte, s'écroule
pousse le mur, soulève une barre de fer
Daniel avec les hauts talons de la mère de Léonce
continue de grimper le fer.

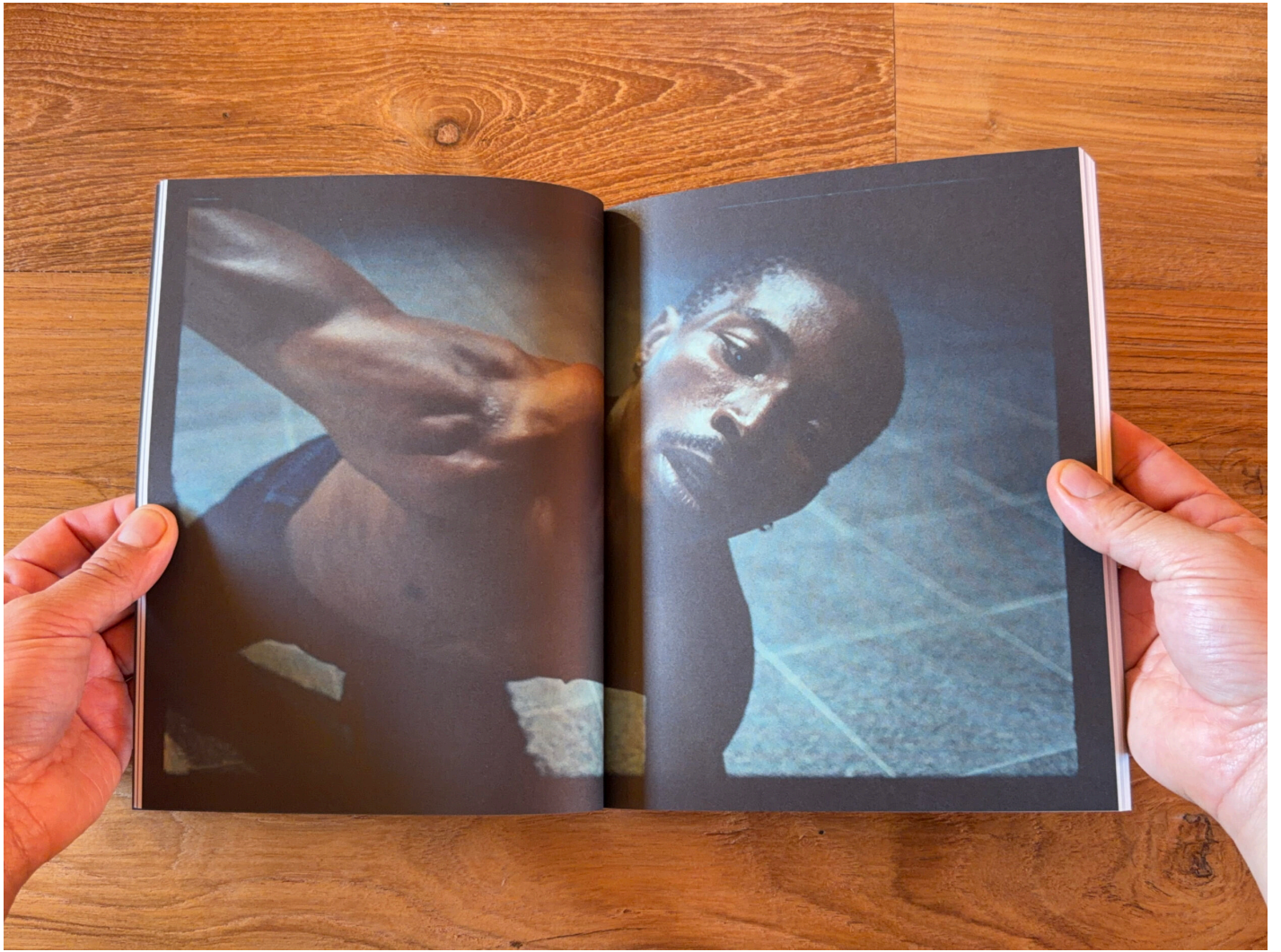
1960, 1701, 1791

chacun prend son téléphone, regarde l'heure
Ife monte, Daniel passe, Fabienne soulève
Ife avec un peigne jaune à la main
de caresser les cheveux de Léonce
Le môgô se pô, en train de din-fin le monde
le bruit n'est pas bra, le bruit n'est pas
Daniel avec ses lunettes de soleil, fait
juste un petit tatouage sous ses hauts
les hauts talons blancs, continue de grimper
Tous courent à la station de tram
Dans une minute le tram continue
Léonce continue, marche sur
soulève la main, continue de grimper

Ife avec un couteau à la main.
Le soleil se lève. Le coq chante.
La mosquée retentit.
Le musée rentre dans l'église.
Sonne la cloche de l'église.
Sonne le bureau appelle le pasteur.
Ife avec la machete à la main
continue de couper le bois de manioc.
continue de couper le caillou.
continue de scier à la main continue de couper les mains
continue de scier, tous se prennent dans les mains
et partent à la station de tram,
ils courent the l/eye and she is strutting,
with purpose.

steadily, despite the rock in the ground.
steadily in these high shoes.
du riz, Daniel allume le feu,
Fabienne met la marmite au feu.
Il est 14:45.

synagogue, mosquée, église,
quel moment le riz sera prêt.
d'Abobo derrière-rails.
ils appellent ça synagogue.
ils appellent ça cloan gayo.
ils appellent ça la ruine,
sachant que c'est gâtément,
synagogue, pour-gbranli.



As the time is running out,
Ife se rapproche,
Daniel continue de rouler son fil.
Daniel continue de rouler,
elle roule, elle roule.
Elle roule, iel roule,
ael roule, il roule.
As towards the wall again. Twig in hand,
his body inside the opening of the wall,
the other side, outside the wall.
the grass. His hands, joining in front of him.
Almost like he's growing out of the wall.
continue de rouler son fil d'hameçon.
passeoir pour commencer à pêcher.
ment elle va nous ramener un poisson?
caught in the light of the dusk, walking
beach. Feet step to the sand.
coming in to hand and,
long after.
ramener un poisson.
her face. She leans her head
ing is in the crevices of the wall.
ans le mur. Léonce pousse le mur.
aider Léonce à pousser le mur.
our aide Léonce à pousser le mur.
ustes les aider à pousser le mur.

**Le mur se feint
en deux.
Point.
Pause.
slash.
ï tréma.
All you can see
is their back
and their clothing.
No skin.
No face.
Ife dans le mur
comme un lézard.**

A composition in the ruins

Ziphcozenkosi Dayile

Daftar is built on dynamic composition consistent with Hera's stylistic elements of filmmaking and video installation. With this project the artist steps away from a narrative driven script to give room for the viewer to uncover details about his four protagonists and their history through the various clues signalled by movement, colour, gesture and the ways in which they engage with lived/ embodied aspects of geographies and architecture. Hera unleashes a slow cinema aesthetic, which provides one with the option to consider other elements and subtleties within a frame. As with previous projects, their characters are conscientiously chosen not as performers or players but collaborators with sovereignty. It seems like they have power to dictate their own movements, to create and re-imagine the script and as a result their jazz-like movements - partly improvised and partly inscribed: their proximity to the subject matter allows for the work to go beyond material existence.

For one to fully comprehend the meaning of the film requires some exercise in contemplative practices. The installation is not only about deciphering symbols nor is it about seeking for an embedded "message" in the reencountering of the slow violence unleashed on the bodies of the four protagonists over time. *Daftar* points at the characters and sites and demonstrate the relations between place, knowing and power and asks for us to be present; to listen, to bring our compassion as we sit and watch our characters go through the motions.

The installation is broken into six chapters consisting of multiple screens and scenes that are connected by either a location or an atmosphere. The protagonists move in coordinated and arbitrary motions around these spaces, demonstrating tension between their internal thought processes and these colonial structures that they move through. Throughout the film, several voices narrate the scenes interchangeably in English, French, Spanish and Nouchi, the French-based creole language from Ivory Coast. Their role points to that of a companion whose presence is there to offer guidance for navigating each scene. This gesture does not in any way take away the viewers' urgency to decipher for themselves what they are seeing and feeling.

Whether the moments are improvised or premeditated, the film has a few powerful ones which can leave you feeling exposed, like on Bulldog, Non, Macdo, Non, Hamburger, Non, when we encounter our characters at the sea on a gloomy day.

Daniel specifically catches my eye as she moves alongside the sea-shore. Her closed body language gives a sense of being caught off-guard by an unwelcome feeling of grief, or possibly being in a state of public mourning - a gesture of compassion which extends beyond loved ones or those connected by a single tragic event, to a shared history which resonates with black life's concept of direct eye contact with it as if by giving it consideration, it might in turn provide cues that would re-embed buried memories she'd rather forget. But the stinging sea breeze and musky smell pulls her back, forcing her to acknowledge its presence which she responds with a couple of head nods.

A second character, Léonce, is walking besides Daniel on the shore, he is having a different engagement. He energetically jumps in and out of the water, dancing as if to avoid being hit by the ripples. He engages the water in a manner reminiscent of a child with limited access to the sea but fond memories of his infrequent visits with the family which always seem too brief for him to be truly comfortable inside the water to a point where he risks himself completely of the fear of its substance. The bright yellow shirt perhaps indicates his emotional state of mind. Léonce is here to meet himself contrary to Daniel, whose wish is to empty herself.

The other two protagonists, Ife and Fabienne, are also walking side by side, and seem to mirror Daniel and Léonce's emotional state of being but their gestures are much more subtle. As they continue to walk the awkwardness subsides, and they begin to converse. Eventually the four become one as they walk in a straight line, arm in arm. It's during this moment where they are attached to one another that one gets a glimpse into the historical contexts and legacies of the sea. The image of human cargo shackled together down below compartments of slave ships man grants who witness fatalities each time crossing the Mediterranean Sea to their former colonizer's land in pursuit of a better life, as their home countries continue to be sucked dry in the perpetual onslaught and plunder which keeps Europe afloat.

Daftar places colonial conquest as being the source of the characters' nervous condition. In *Water*, by South African poet and playwright Koleka Putuma, they speak of the sea as having memory:

[Every] time our skin goes under
It's as if the reeds remember that they were
once chains
And the water, restless, wishes it could spew all
of the slaves and ships onto shore
Whole as they had boarded, sailed and sunk
Their tears are what have turned the ocean
salty,
This is why our irises burn every time we go
under.

IFE DAY
DANIEL GALICIA
LÉONCE KONAN NOAH
FABIENNE
GUILBERT BURGOA
BELINDA ZHAWI
ALEXANDRE CABANNE
MAHESH BATSOU
CHEB RUNNER
TOM GINEYTS
AURELIEN POTIER
EVA BAROIS DE CAEVEL
ZIHOZENKOSI DAYILE



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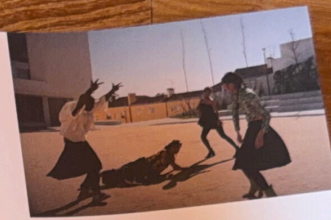
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LE DAFTAR AN ARTIST BOOK BY
Vir Andres Hera

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CHINAMPA

PRINT
Kopa, Lithuania

FEATURING COLLABORATIONS WITH
Ife Day, Daniel Galicia, Léonce Konan Noah, Fabienne Guilber Burgoa, Belinda Zhawi, Alexandre Cabanne, Mahesh
Batsou, Cheb Runner, Tom Gineyts

EDITION
Vir Andres Hera

CURATORIAL TEXTS
Ziphosenkosi Dayile
Eva Barois de Caevel

EDITION
Aurelien Potier

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